Passenger Test B

1. Commercial bus drivers must have a CDL if:
   a) They drive a vehicle that has air brakes.
   b) They drive a vehicle that is designed to carry more than fifteen (15) passengers including the driver.
   c) They drive a vehicle that has a gross weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
   d) They drive a vehicle that is designed to carry more than nine passengers.

2. Carry on baggage cannot be stored:
   a) On the seats
   b) Under the seat
   c) Behind the seats
   d) In the aisle.

3. Buses may carry:
   a) Small arms ammunition labeled ORM-D
   b) Car batteries
   c) Explosives
   d) Class 1 poisons.

4. When arriving at the destination, the driver should announce:
   a) The location
   b) The next departure time
   c) The reason for stopping
   d) All of the above.

5. A disruptive passenger:
   a) Should not he discharged where it would he unsafe for them.
   b) Is not your responsibility
   c) Should not be allowed on the bus
   d) May he thrown off the bus.

6. If your bus leans toward the outside on a banked curve, you are:
   a) Driving too slow
   b) Driving on a wet surface
   c) Driving too fast
   d) Driving at the correct speed.
7. You must stop your bus between:
   a) 15 and 50 feet before a railroad crossing
   b) 5 to 10 feet before a railroad crossing
   c) 20 to 25 feet before a railroad crossing
   d) None of the above.

8. At the end of each shift you should:
   a) Report any defects
   b) Take all your personal belongings
   c) Inspect your bus
   d) All of the above.

9. The interlock system for the brake and accelerator on a transit coach may be used:
   a) To replace the rear door emergency buzzer
   b) As a safety feature when the exit door is open
   c) To replace the parking brake
   d) All of the above.

10. Your bus is disabled. The bus, with riders aboard, may be towed or pushed to a safe place only:
    e) If getting off the bus would be more risky for the riders
    f) By a tow truck with a GVWR of at least 27,000 pounds
    g) If the distance is less than 1 mile
    h) By another bus with its 4-way flashers on.

11. You may sometimes haul small arms ammunition, emergency shipments of drugs, or hospital supplies on a bus. The total weight of all such hazardous materials must not be greater than___ pounds.
    a) 750
    b) 500
    c) 250
    d) 100.

12. How many seats not securely fastened to the bus are usually allowed?
    a) 0
    b) 1
    c) 2
    d) 3.
13. It is best to wear your seat belt:
   a) Only if your bus holds more than 27 people
   b) Only when you will be driving over 35 mph
   c) Only when driving on sand, gravel or ice covered roads
   d) At all times.

14. Which of the following types of cargo can never be carried on a bus with riders?
   a) Tear gas
   b) Emergency hospital supplies
   c) Emergency drug shipments
   d) Small arms ammunition (ORM-D).

15. If a rider wants to bring a car battery or a can of gasoline aboard your bus, you should:
   a) Have the rider pay a second fare
   b) Instruct them to sit next to an open window
   c) Not allow them to do it
   d) Tell them they must go to the rear of the bus.

16. Some city transit buses may have a brake-door interlock system, this system:
   a) Should be used in place of the parking brake
   b) Releases the brakes
   c) Should be used in emergencies
   d) Works when the passenger exit doors are open.

17. When it is carried on a bus, hazardous material must be:
   a) Stored in the passenger compartment
   b) Labeled
   c) Packed in a yellow box.
   d) All of the above.

18. You have passed all the requirements for a “Class b” bus driver’s license. Which of these vehicles are you not licensed to drive?
   a) Class a bus
   b) Class b bus
   c) Class c bus
   d) All of these vehicles can be driven with a class b bus license.
19. Federal regulations set an axle weight limit of _____ pounds on a tandem axle (four feet apart).

   a) 26,000  
   b) 32,000  
   c) 34,000  
   d) 40,000.

20. You must put a loaded bus into motion from a stopped position on a steep upgrade (4% or more). Which of these is the best technique to follow when you have a bus with a manual transmission?

   a) Accelerate hard and release the clutch quickly  
   b) Hold the foot brake until the clutch has been fully released  
   c) Slowly release the clutch while releasing the parking brakes  
   d) Use the same method that is used when starting on a level surface or downgrade.