

Chemical Oceanography Metal Geochemistry

Dr. David K. Ryan

Department of Chemistry

University of Massachusetts Lowell

&

Intercampus Graduate School

of Marine Sciences and Technology

http://faculty.uml.edu/David_Ryan/84.653

Metal Geochemistry

- # Read Millero (2006) Chapter 3 (now posted)
- # Read paper Donat & Bruland (1995)
- # Read paper by Nieboer & Richardson (1980)

Periodic Table of Elements









1A																	0		
1	2											3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
H	Li	Be											B	C	N	O	F	Ne	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18											19	20
Na	Mg	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar											K	Ca
		IIA	IIIA	IVA	VA	VIA	VIIA											IB	IB
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36		
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr		
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54		
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe		
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86		
Cs	Ba	*La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn		
87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109	110										
Fr	Ra	+Ac	Rf	Ha	106	107	108	109	110										

* Lanthanide Series

58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu

+ Actinide Series

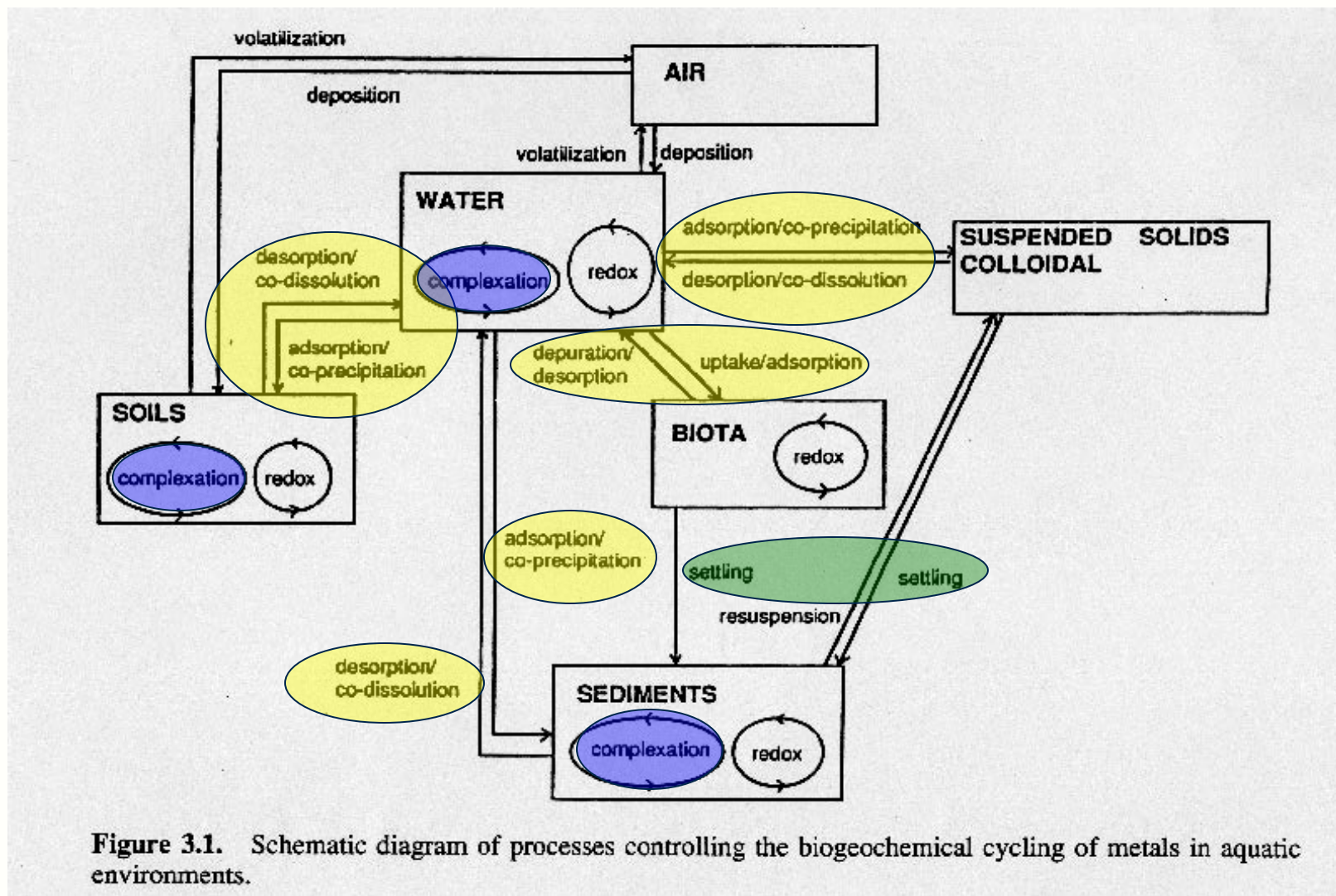
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr

 Non-Metals	 Transition Metals	 Rare Earth Metals	 Halogens
 Alkali Metals	 Alkali Earth Metals	 Other Metals	 Inert Elements

Concerned with Metal Ions

- # Typically cations (Cu^{2+} , Cd^{2+})
- # Some anions (CrO_4^{2-} , MoO_4^{2-} , AsO_4^{3-})
- # General properties of interest
 - Reactivity
 - Redox – oxidation/reduction reactions
 - Complexation or Sorption
 - Speciation – forms
 - Cycling – ultimate fate
 - Transport – mobility
 - Toxicity/Bioavailability/Bioaccumulation

Biogeochemical Processes



Classification Schemes for Metals

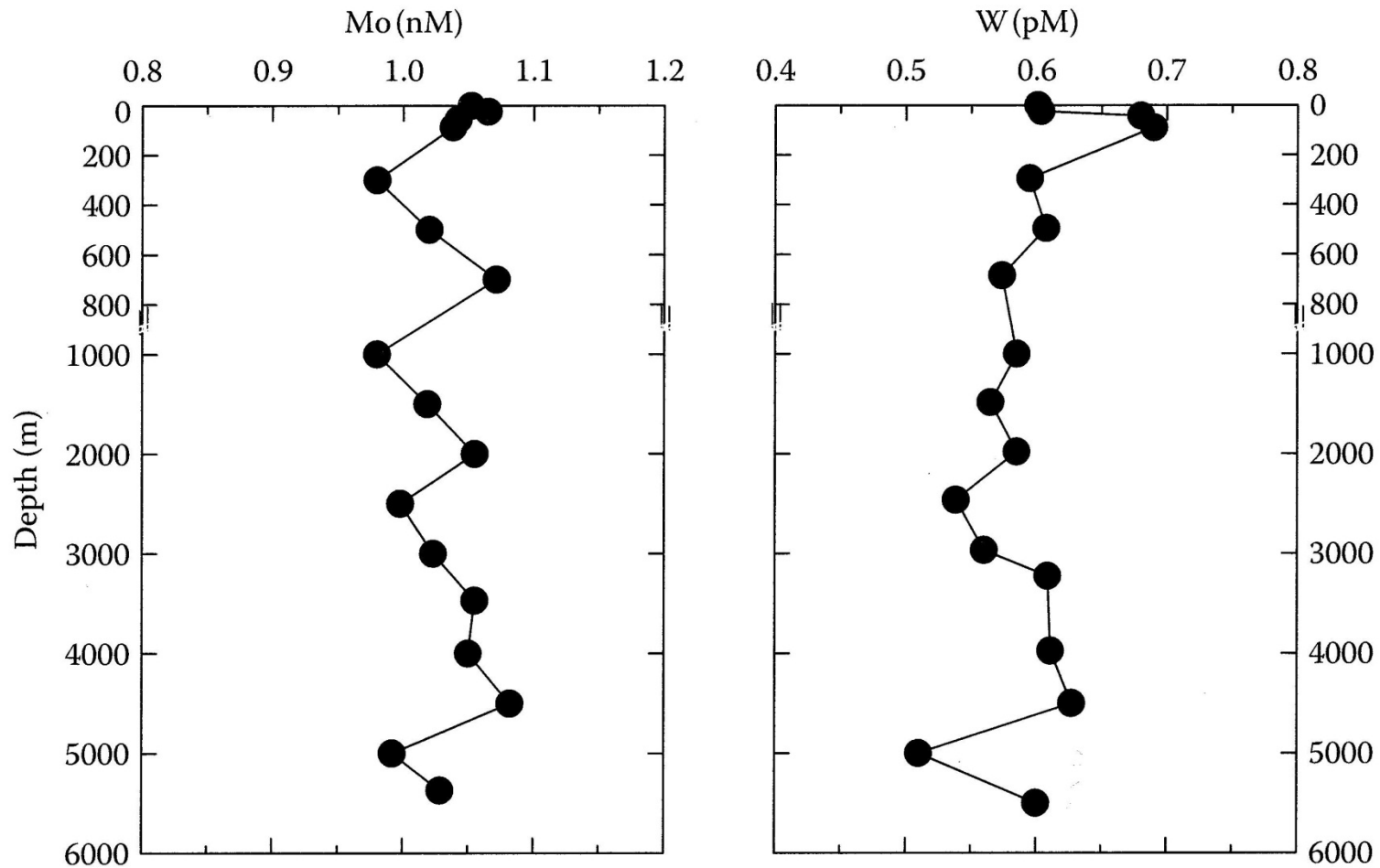
- # Concentration – Major, Minor, Trace
- # Biological Reactivity – Biolimiting, Biointermediate, Biounlimited, Noncycling
- # Chemical Reactivity – d^0 , d^{10} , Intermediate or Class A, Class B, Intermediate
- # Overall Reactivity – Nutrient Type, Particle Reactive, Other
- # Environmental Origin – Crustal, Pollutant (anthropogenic)

Concentration levels

- # Major ions – discussed previously
 - metals & non metals (Ca^{2+} , Mg^{2+} , Na^+ , K^+)
- # Minor ions – some mention (Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , etc.)
- # Trace ions (Trace Metals) – all the rest
- # Millero
 - Major: 0.05 to 750 mM
 - Minor: 0.05 to 50 μM
 - Trace: 0.05 to 50 nM

Depth Profiles for Mo & W

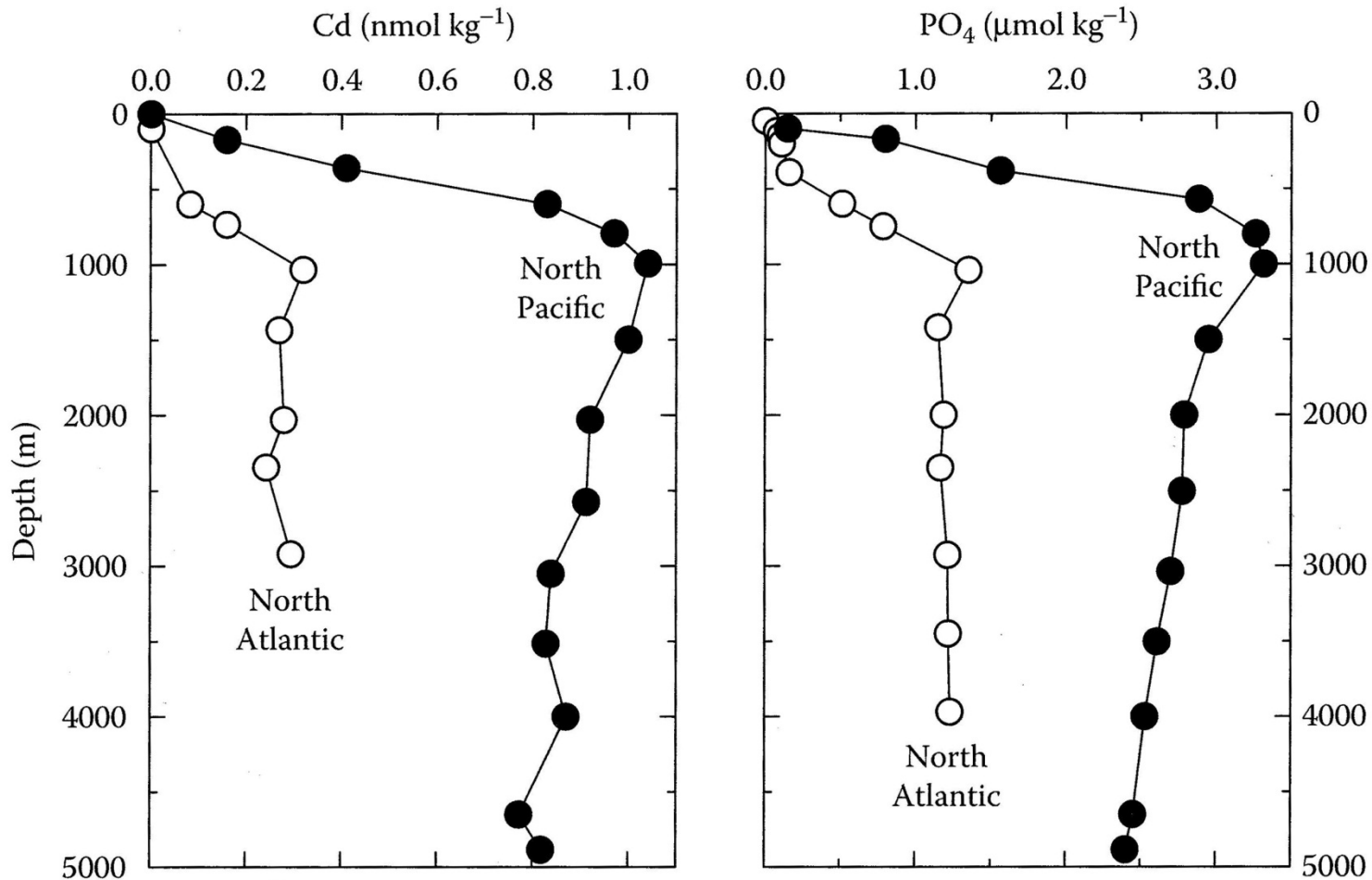
Conservative behavior (Millero 2006)



Major Components, Rb⁺, Cs⁺, etc.

Depth Profiles for Cd & P

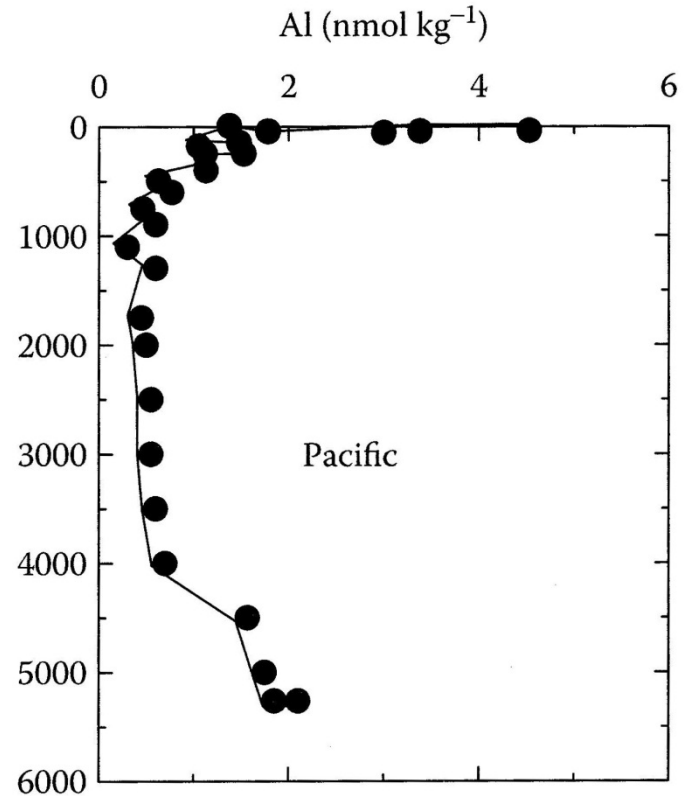
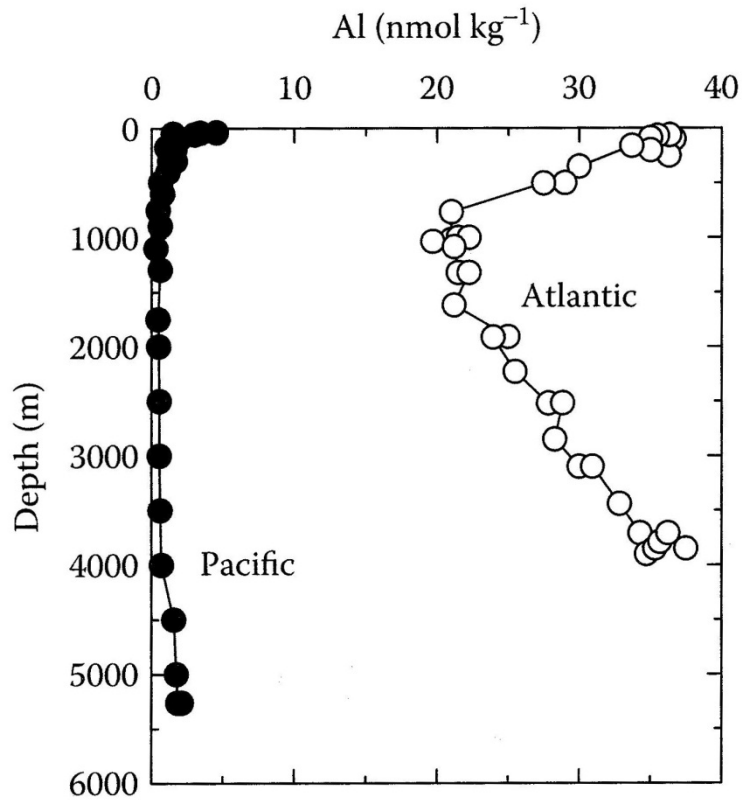
Nutrient behavior (Millero 2006)



Nitrate, Silicate, Zinc, Barium, etc.

Depth Profiles for Al

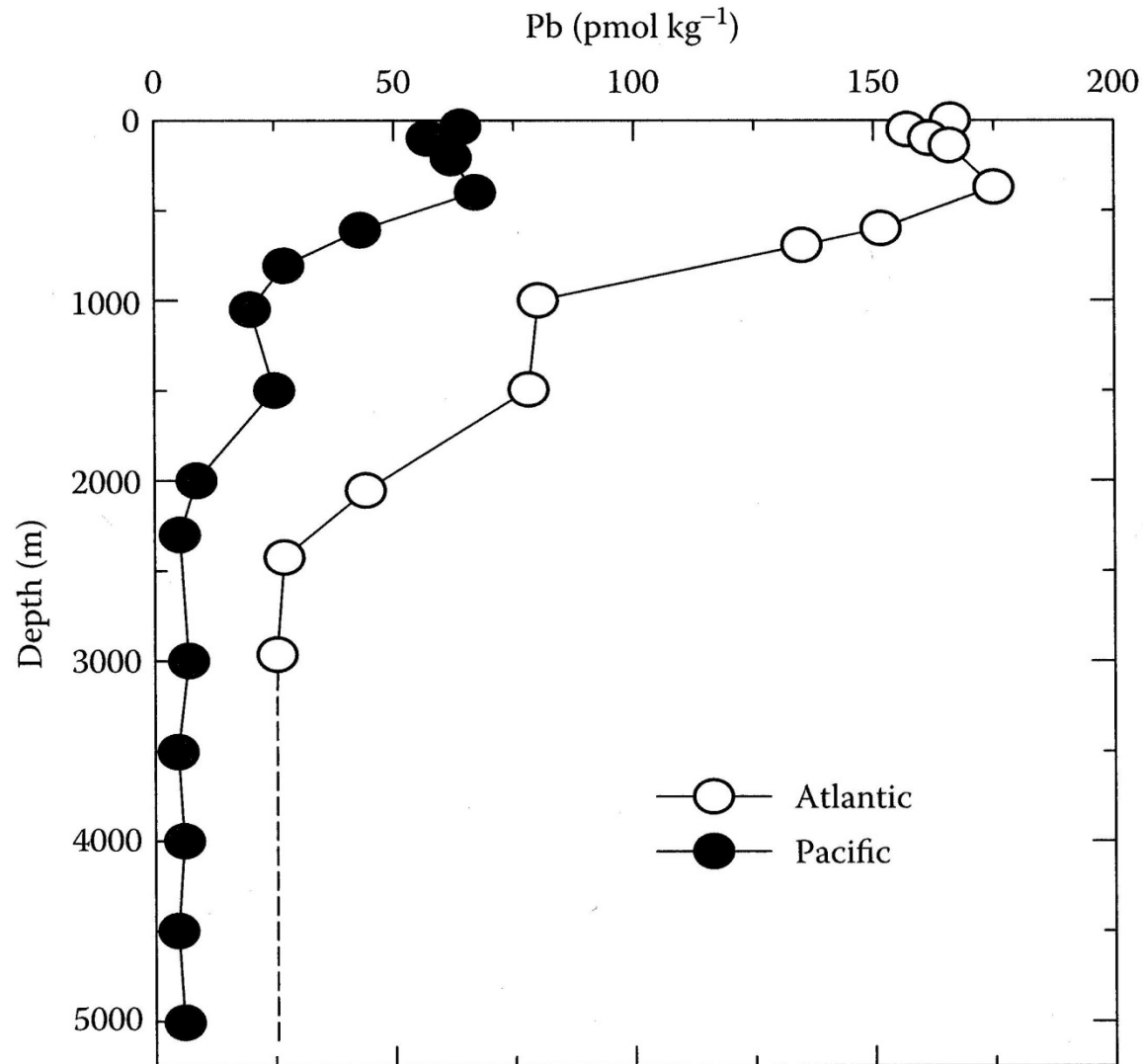
Mid-depth minimum (Millero 2006)

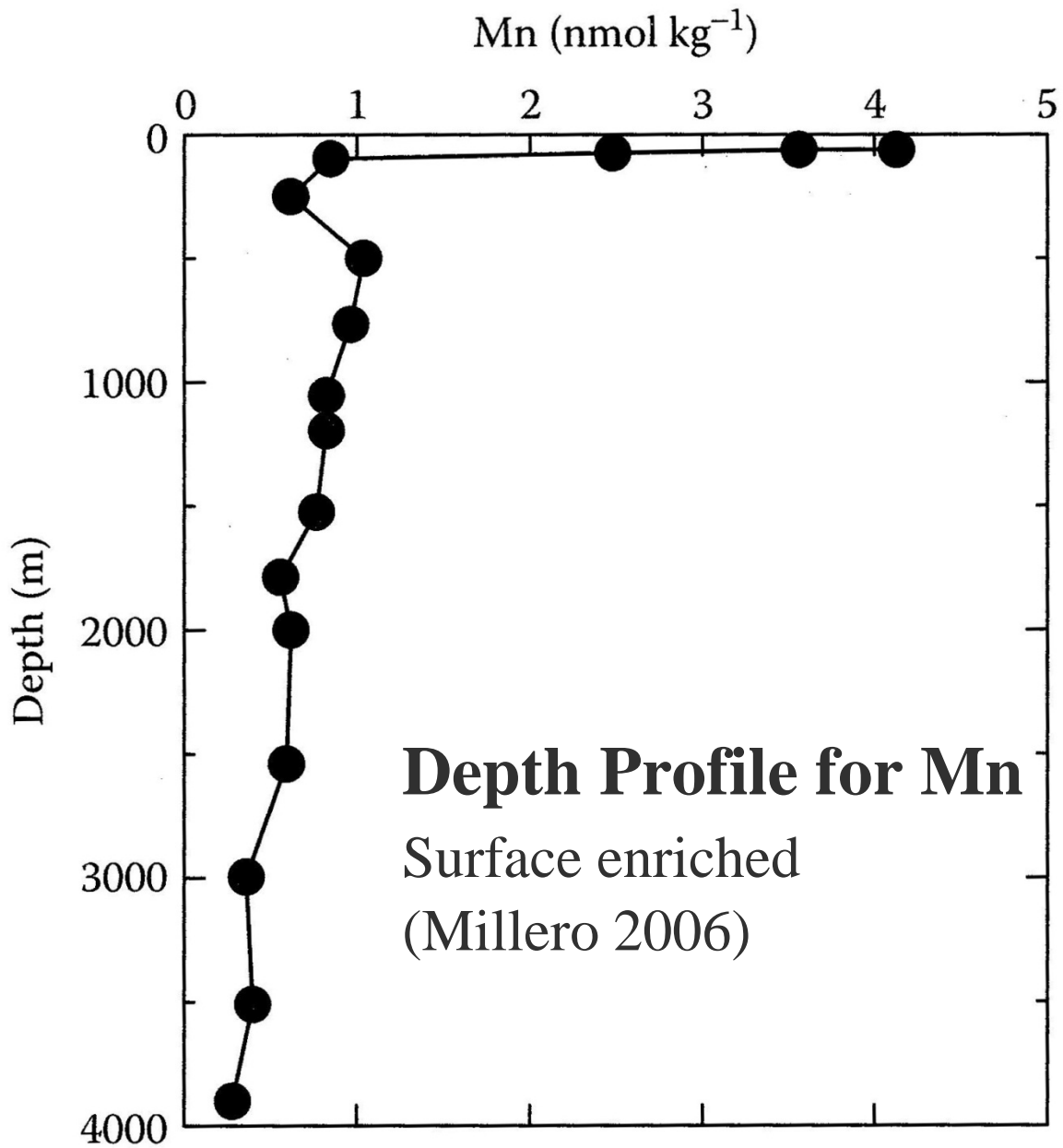


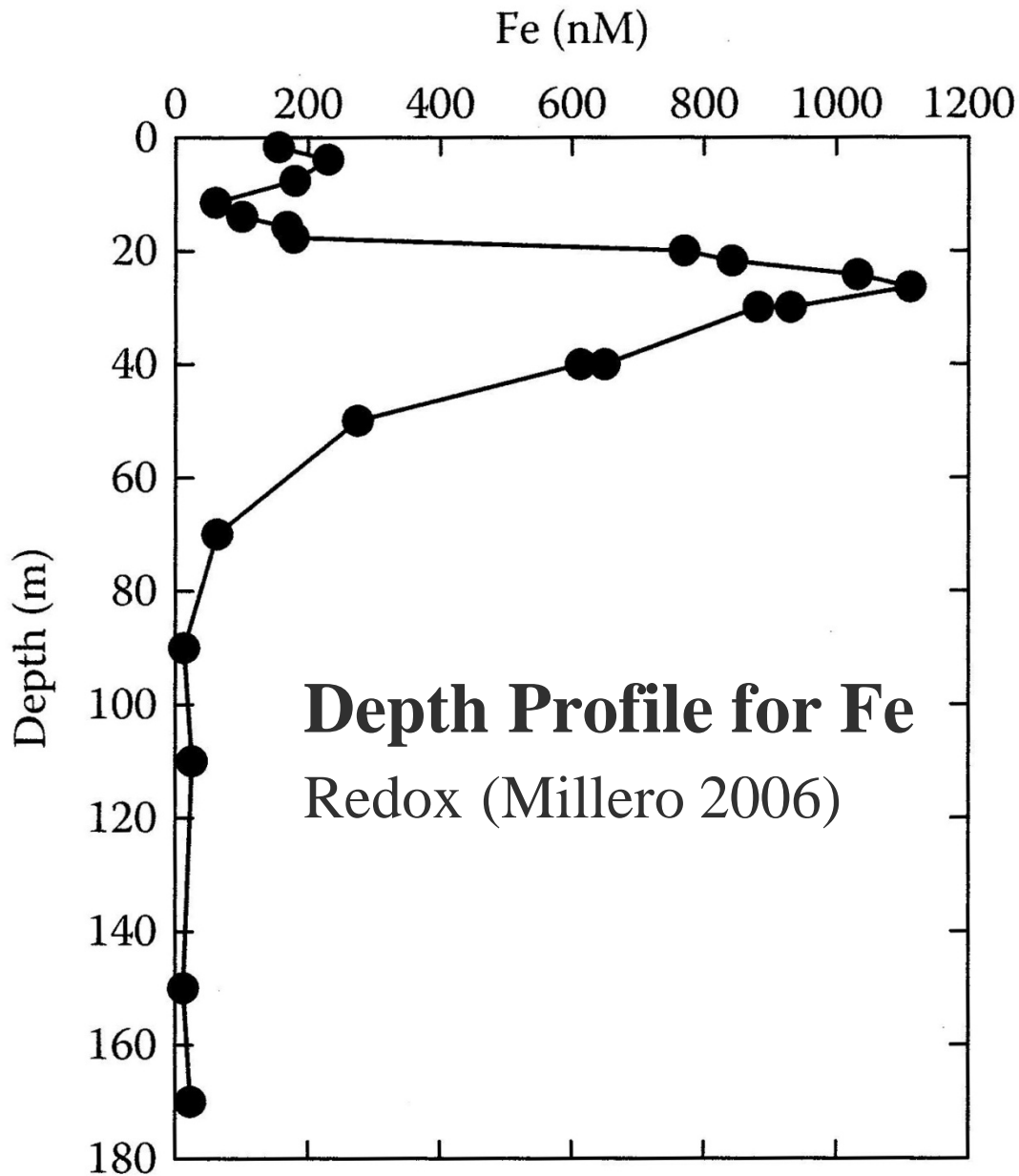
Copper, Tin, etc.

Depth Profiles for Pb

Surface enriched (Millero 2006)

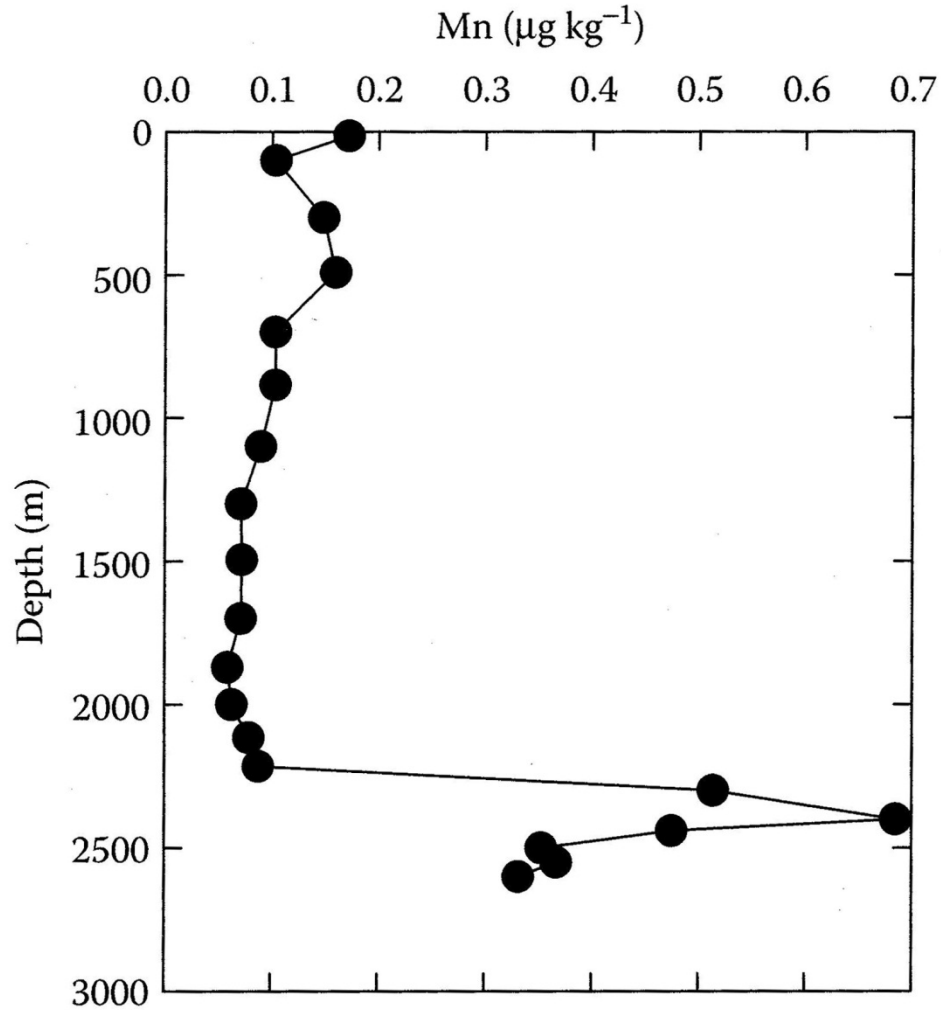






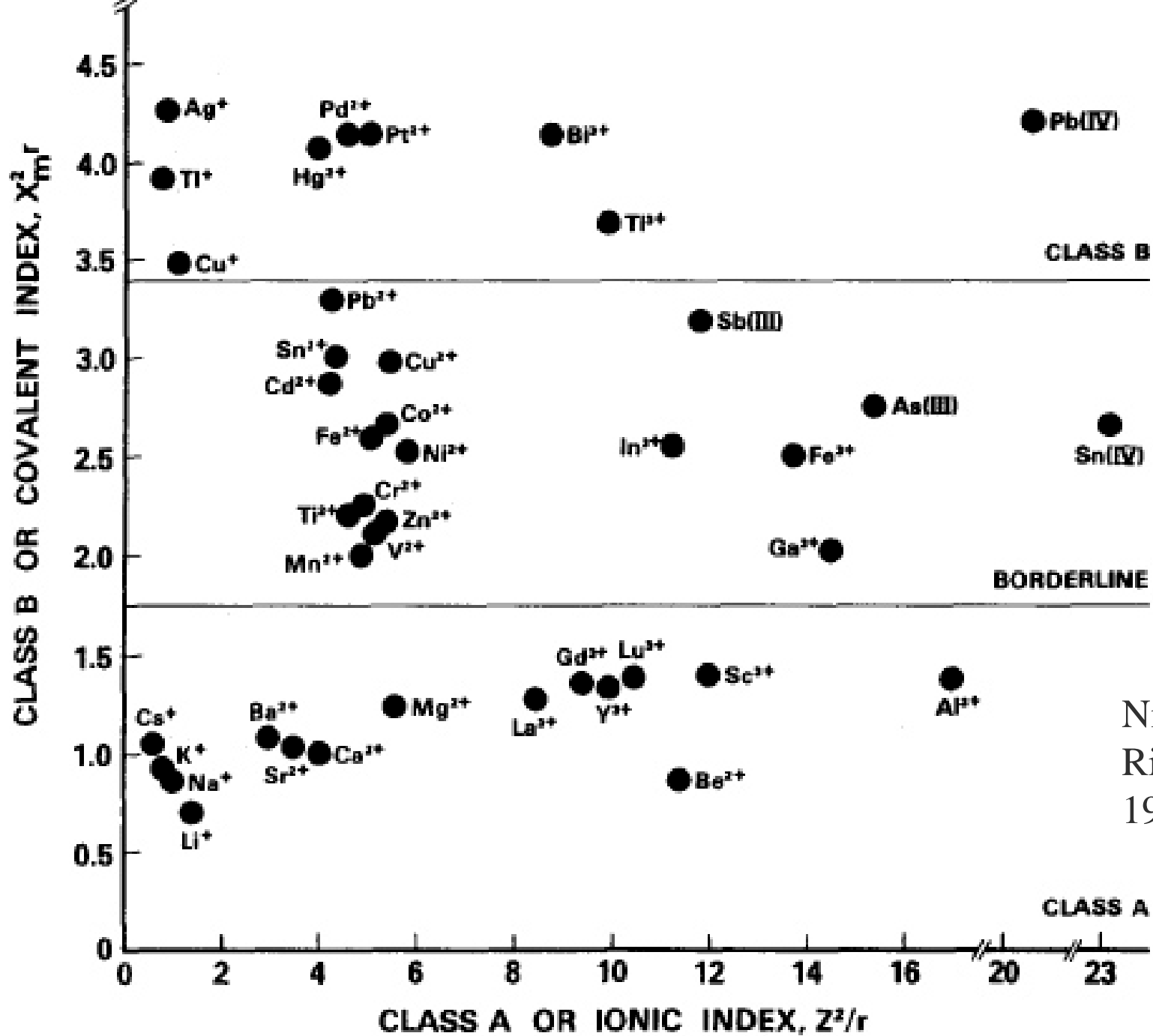
Depth Profile for Mn

Anomalous (Millero 2006)



Classification Schemes for Metals

- # Concentration – Major, Minor, Trace
- # Biological Reactivity – Biolimiting, Biointermediate, Biounlimited, Noncycling
- # Chemical Reactivity – d^0 , d^{10} , Intermediate or Class A, Class B, Borderline
- # Overall Reactivity – Nutrient Type, Particle Reactive, Other
- # Environmental Origin – Crustal, Pollutant (anthropogenic)



Importance of Humic Materials

Global Carbon Reservoir

Take Part in Interfacial Phenomena

Undergo Coagulation and Aggregation

Involved in Photochemical Reactions

Contain Radicals

Known Reducing Agents

Methylate Metals

Form Chlorinated Species, THMs DBPs

Detoxify Metals

Limit Bioavailability of Metals

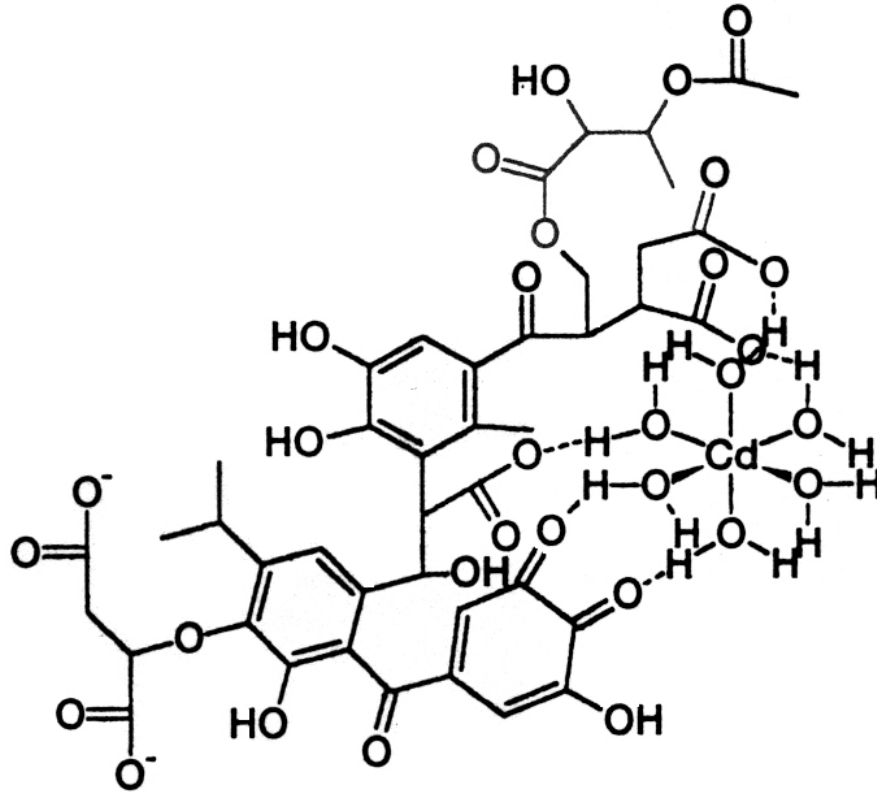
Alter Solubility

Influence Transport

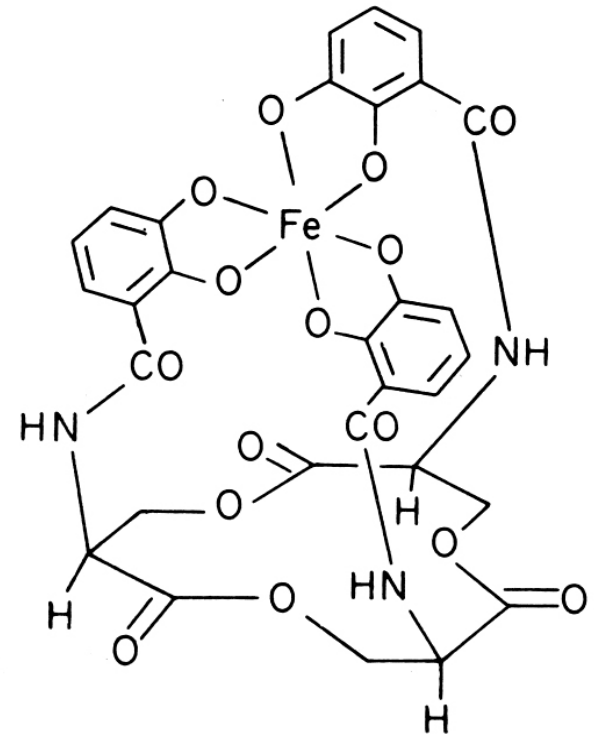
Bind Metals & Organic Pollutants

Terminal Electron Acceptor for Bacteria

Metal Complexation by Humic Materials



Leenheer et al. (1998)



Morel (1983)

Importance of Humic Materials

Global Carbon Reservoir

Take Part in Interfacial Phenomena

Undergo Coagulation and Aggregation

Involved in Photochemical Reactions

Contain Radicals

Known Reducing Agents

Methylate Metals

Form Chlorinated Species, THMs DBPs

Detoxify Metals

Limit Bioavailability of Metals

Alter Solubility

Influence Transport

Bind Metals & Organic Pollutants

Terminal Electron Acceptor for Bacteria

Humic material will aggregate
& may “salt out” with cations

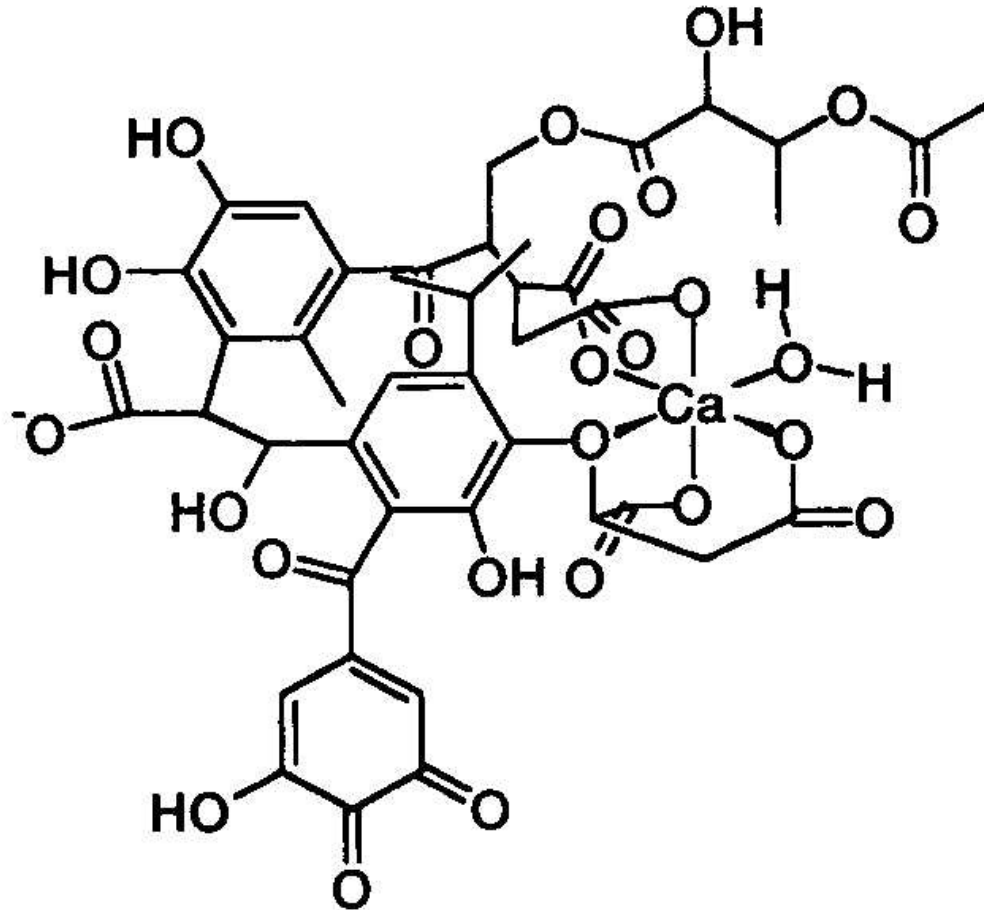
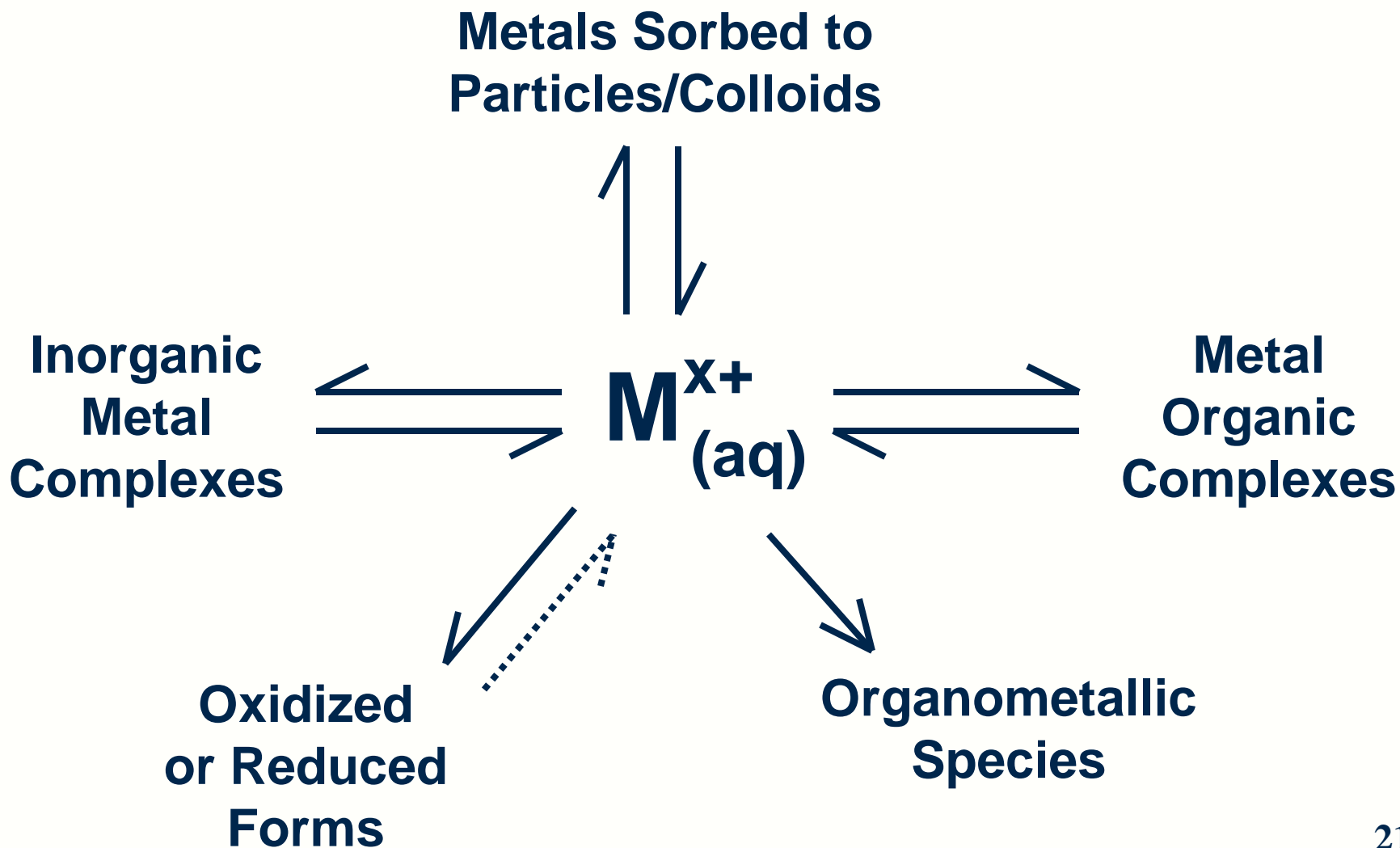


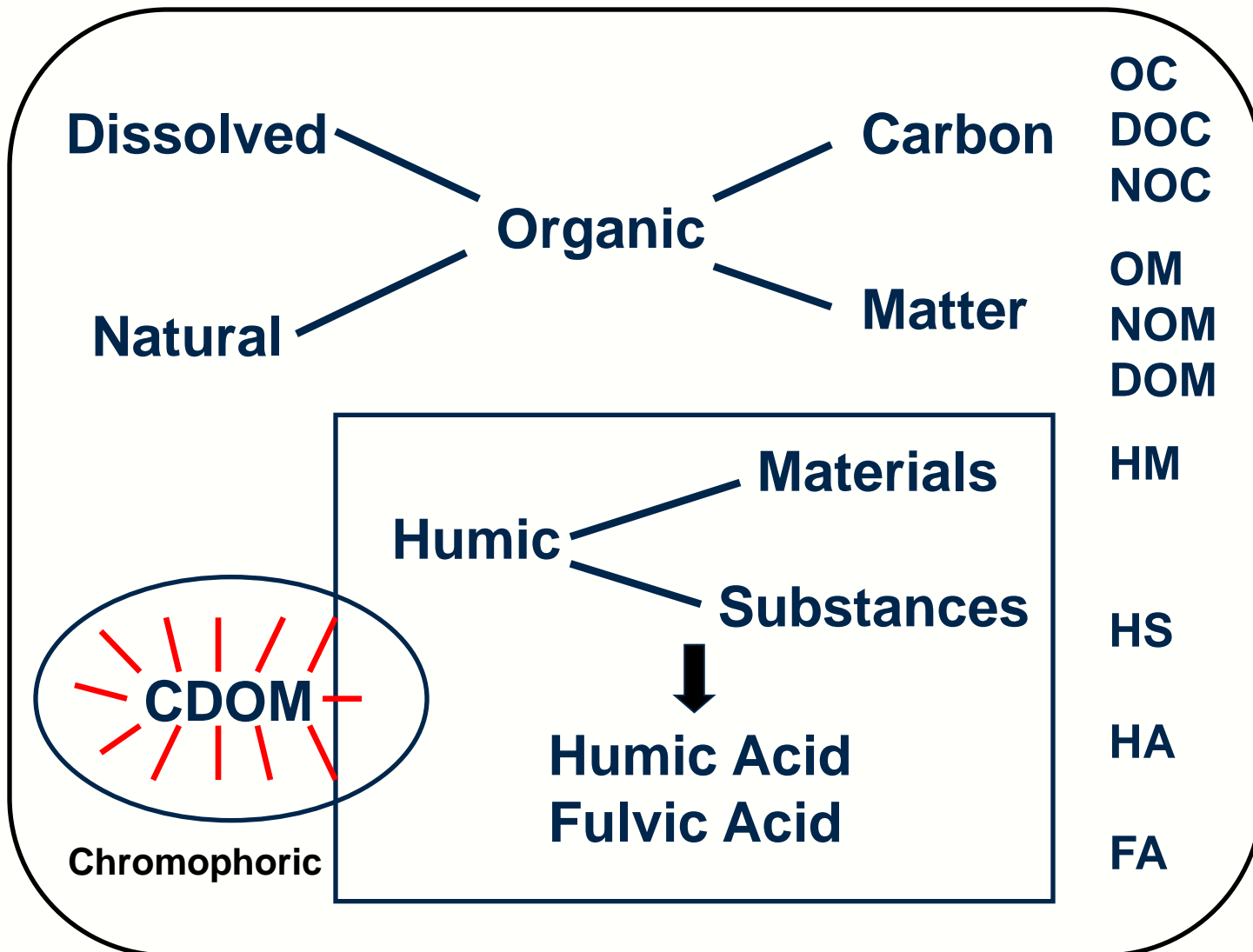
FIGURE 6. Structural model of a calcium inner-sphere complex

Leenheer, J.A. et al. (1998) *Environ. Sci. Technol.* 32, 2410

Dissolved Metal Species



Dissolved Organic Nomenclature



Metal Organic Complexes



M^{x+} = metal ion, toxic or non, of charge $x+$ (e.g., Cu^{2+} , Al^{3+} , etc.)

NOM^{y-} = natural organic matter of varying negative charge y_{23}^-

$\text{M-NOM}^{(y-x)-}$ = metal complex of natural organic matter