## Body Weight \& Caloric Expenditure

## Simple Concept

## "Calories $\mathrm{In}^{"}=$ "Calories Out"

## To maintain current body weight

## Calories \& Weight

## Recommendations:

Simple Equations
To KEEP your current weight:

| Calories "IN" (food \& drink) | $\underset{\text { equal }}{\square}$ | Calories "OUT" (daily activities \& exercise) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

To GAIN weight:


To LOSE weight:

| Calories <br> "IN" <br> (food \& drink) | are <br> ess than |
| :---: | :---: |
| Calories <br> "OUT" <br> (daily activities <br> \& exercise) |  |

## Body weight, calories, exercise: where do you stand now?

5 simple steps
What you need:

1. Small notebook- private record
2. Bathroom (digital) scale
3. Tape measure, pencil, or masking tape
4. Calorie counter book, food labels, restaurant nutrition information sheets

## Assignment

Step \#1
A) Focus on calories
B) Write down amounts of food + drink for one day
C) Good Health Chart \#1: record calories for all food + drink
D) Add up all food + drink caloriesrecord grand total- box at bottom

## Step \#2

Good Health Chart \#2: Calories needed to be in energy balance: A) Find age/sex \& activity level

## Activity Level

1) Sedentary: daily + light physical activities
2) Moderate: above + exercise (walking 1.5-3 miles/day @ 3-4 miles/ hr
3) Active: above + exercise (walking
> 3 miles/day @ 3-4 miles/hr

## Step \#2

B) Write down calorie number or range in notebook
C) You are in energy balance if: "Calories In" (Chart \#1 total) = "Calories Out" (Chart \#2 number)

## Step \#3

A) Pick 3 days
B) Same time each day: record your weight
C) Morning, little/no clothing, no shoes, before breakfast, after urination/bowel movement
D) Calculate: 3 day average

## Step \#3

E) Height: No shoes, back straight, heels against wall, feet together, head straight, eyes forward
F) Mark wall: tape or pencil
G) Tape measure: height in feet + inches
H) Record in notebook

## Step \#4: Good Health Chart \#3

A) Find height- left side of chart B) Move across to weight
C) Move up to BMI at top
D) Record number
E) Note category at bottom

## BMI : Estimate of body fat

## Category

Underweight
Normal
Overweight
Obese

BMI
$<18.5$
18.5-24.9
25.0-29.9
30.9 \& greater

## What to do?

- If underweight \& want to gain weight
A) Eat more food + drink calories and/or;
B) Cut back on activity level


## If Healthy Weight:

A) Continue: "calories in" = "calories out"
If Overweight:
A) Reduce food/drink calories;
B) And increase physical activity

Step \#5: Know "calories
out" (burned) half of energy equation Good Health Chart \#4:
A) Numbers include resting metabolism + activity; B) Calories burned/hour for moderate \& vigorous activities

## Comparison: Food "calories in" (Good

 Health Chart \#1) vs. "calories out" (Good Health Chart \#4)Example: You eat 1 slice of cheese pizza ( $\mathbf{2 7 0}$ calories) +H 2 O ( 0 calories)

Good Health Chart \#4: You need to walk 1 hour at 3.5 mph to burn 280 calories

## Good Health Chart \#5: Long-term Good Health

- Pick 3 days in month
- Calculate 3 day averages: food + drink calories, body weight, BMI
- Set goals at top of chart

WEB SITES: Calories in/out, BMI, Waist/Hip Ratio
http://healthresources.caremark.com
(cool tools $\rightarrow$ fitness \& nutrition)
WWW.
americanheart.org/start
cancer.org/docroot/ped/content/ped nhlbisupport.com

