

**Homework 9**

Due Tuesday, April 9

- Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\theta$ . Find the method of moments estimator for  $\theta$ .
- Suppose that  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n \sim \text{iid } N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ . Find the method of moments estimators for  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$ .
- Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a distribution with pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \theta k^\theta y^{-(\theta+1)}, \quad y > k, \theta > 1$$

Suppose that  $k$  is known. Find the method of moments estimator for  $\theta$ .

- Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\theta$ .
  - Find the MLE of  $\theta$ .
  - Find the MLE of  $P(Y = 0)$ .
- Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a gamma distribution with parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . Suppose that  $\alpha$  is known.
  - Find the MLE of  $\beta$ .
  - Find the MLE of  $E(Y)$ .
- Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  be iid random variables, each with pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \theta^2 y e^{-\theta y}, \quad y > 0$$

Find the MLE of  $\theta$ .

- Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{r y^{r-1}}{\theta} e^{-y^r/\theta}, \quad y > 0$$

where  $\theta > 0$  is the parameter and  $r$  is known.

- Find a sufficient statistic of  $\theta$ .
  - Find the MLE of  $\theta$ .
- Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  be iid random variables, each with pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{\theta}{y^2}, \quad \theta \leq y < \infty$$

Find (1) sufficient statistic, (2) MLE, and (3) method of moment estimator of  $\theta$ .

9. Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{2\theta^2}{y^3}, \quad \theta \leq y < \infty$$

Find the MLE of  $\theta^2$ .

10. Let  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a pdf

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{3y^2}{\theta^3}, \quad 0 \leq y \leq \theta$$

Find the MLE of  $\theta$ .

(The following two problems require the calculation of  $Z_{MLE}$ , defined as

$$Z_{MLE} = \frac{t(\hat{\theta}) - t(\theta)}{\sqrt{\left[\frac{\partial t(\theta)}{\partial \theta}\right]^2 / I(\theta)}}$$

where  $I(\theta)$  is the Fisher information; see Section 9.8 of WMS).

11. **(5880\*)** Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from an exponential distribution with parameter  $\theta$ . Find  $Z_{MLE}$  for (a)  $t(\theta) = \theta$  and (b)  $t(\theta) = \theta^2$ .
12. **(5880\*)** Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  denote a random sample from a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . Find  $Z_{MLE}$  for  $t(\lambda) = P(Y = 0)$ .