MATH.2360 Engineering Differential Equations The Runge-Kutta Method for Systems of First-Order DE's

- 1. You will need Professor White's MATLAB script rk4.m. To download this file, go to our course web page. Click on the *Class handouts etc.* link under the **Course Materials** heading, then scroll down to *MATLAB Handouts* and look for the entry on Numerical Methods for Systems. Right-click "rk4.m," click on "Save Link As" (or "Save Target As") and save the file.
- 2. Start MATLAB and change to the directory where you stored rk4.m
- 3. (Homework Problem for Section 4.3) Before using rk4, create a file defining the system you want to solve. Click on *New Script*. An Editor/Debugger box will open on the screen. For the homework problem from section 4.3, type in the following five lines (including the last line with the word end):

function w = f(t, z)
x = z(1);
y = z(2);
w = [-t.*x+y; x+sin(t)]; % Note the; between the 2 components of w. The first
% component of w is what x' equals, and the second component of w is what y' equals.
end

(Don't forget the semicolon at the end of the second, third, and fourth lines.) Save the file and return to the MATLAB command window.

To use the Runge-Kutta Method on the problem x' = -tx + y, $y' = x + \sin(t)$, x(0) = 1, y(0) = -2 for $0 \le t \le 1$ with n = 2 subintervals, type the commands

a = 0; b = 1; xi = 1; yi = -2; n = 2; [t, z] = rk4('f', a, b, [xi ; yi], n); %Note the; between xi and yi

You should see three columns of numbers. The leftmost column contains the t values at which the solution was calculated. The middle column contains the calculated x values, and the rightmost column contains the calculated y values.

The matrix z contains the computed x and y values. The x values are in the first column of z, and the y values are in the second column of z.

Repeat the last 2 commands with n = 10.

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4. (This part is for future use. You do not have to turn this in.) To use *ode45* to solve the x' = -tx + y, $y' = x + \sin(t)$, x(0) = 1, y(0) = -2 for $0 \le t \le 1$, type the following commands in the MATLAB command window. (Note that you have already created the file f.m defining this system.)

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a = 0;
b = 1;
xi = 1;
yi = -2;
[t, z] = ode45('f', [a, b], [xi ; yi])
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You could also use the single command

[t, z] = ode45('f', [0, 1], [1 ; -2])

If you wanted to graph x vs. t, you would use the command plot(t, z(:,1)). To plot y vs. t, use the command plot(t, z(:,2))