

16.513 Midterm Exam (Spring 2005)

There are 5 problems and one bonus problem.

1. (15) For each of the following sets of vectors, determine if it is linearly dependent or independent (LI or LD):

$$S_1 = \{[\sin \theta], [\cos \theta]\}, \quad S_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \right\}, \quad S_3 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1+a \\ a \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -a \\ 1-a \end{bmatrix} \right\},$$
$$S_4 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\}, \quad S_5 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

2. (30) For each of the following matrices A_i ,

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

compute

- 1) the rank of A_i ,
- 2) the nullity of A_i ,
- 3) basis for the range space,
- 4) basis for the null space.

3. (16) For each of the following matrices

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

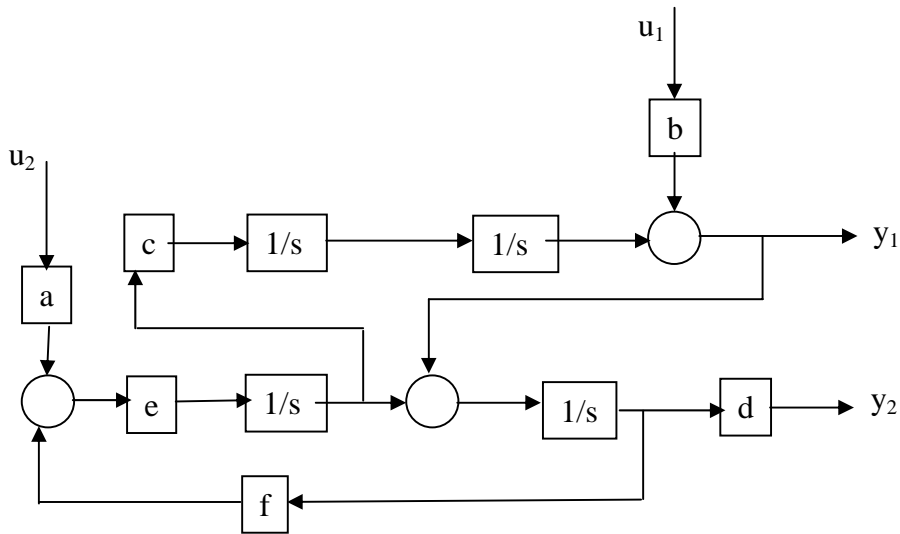
compute 1) the eigenvalues, 2) the (generalized) eigenvectors, 3) The Jordan form

4. (20) For the two matrices in Problem 3, compute A_1^k and $e^{A_2 t}$.

What are the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A_1^k and $e^{A_2 t}$? For the equation

$$\dot{x} = A_2 x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x, \quad \text{with } x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad u(t)=0, \quad \text{what is } y(t) \text{ for } t > 0?$$

5. (19) Find a state-space description (with the matrices (A,B,C,D))for the following system



6. Bonus problem (20) : Given a state equation

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu \quad \text{with} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 22 & 33 \\ 0 & -2 & 22 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let $P = [A^2B \quad AB \quad B]^{-1}$. Introduce new state $z = Px$.

a) (5) Show that

$$\dot{z} = \bar{A}z + \bar{B}u$$

where $\bar{A} = PAP^{-1}$, $\bar{B} = PB$.

b) (15) Compute \bar{A}, \bar{B} . (Hint: don't use brute force)