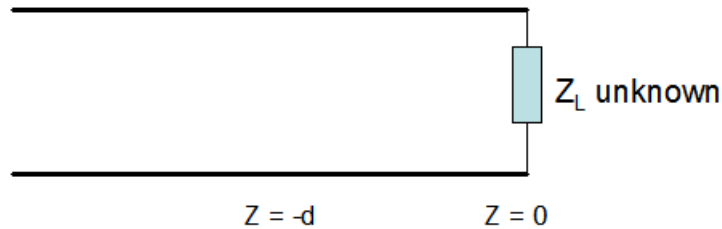


A  $50\Omega$  lossless transmission line is terminated with an unknown load  $Z_L$  (see figure below). The phase velocity is  $2.0 \times 10^{10}$  cm/s at the frequency of 10GHz. The minimum voltages on the transmission line are zeros. The first voltage minimum is located at  $z = -d$  from load,  $d = 0.2$ cm. Find out the impedance of the load.



Solution:

The formula for voltage minimum is:

$$|\tilde{V}|_{\min} = |V_0^+|(1 - |\Gamma|) = 0,$$

Therefore,  $|\Gamma| = 1$ .

$\lambda f = v$ , where  $\lambda$  is the wavelength,  $f = 10$ GHz is the frequency and  $v$  is the phase velocity.  $f = 10$ GHz and  $v = 2.0 \times 10^{10}$  cm/s are given. Therefore,  $\lambda = 1.0$ cm.

The first voltage minimum occurs at

$$2\beta(-d) + \theta_r = -\pi, \quad d = 0.2\text{cm is given.}$$

$$\text{so, } 2 \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}(-d) + \theta_r = -\pi, \Rightarrow \theta_r = -\pi + 0.8\pi = -0.2\pi,$$

$$\Gamma = 1 \angle -0.2\pi = 0.809 - j0.5878,$$

$$Z_L = Z_0 \frac{1 + \Gamma}{1 - \Gamma} = 50 \frac{1 + 0.809 - j0.5878}{1 - (0.809 - j0.5878)} = -j154\Omega$$

Graphic solution is on the next page.

graphic solution:

$$Z_L = j3.1 \quad , \quad Z_L = Z_0 \cdot (-j3.1) = -j155 \Omega$$

