# **Setting the Stage**

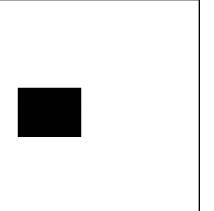
Enhanced Management Training
First Jobs Academy
Dr. Doreen Arcus

#### In their own voices

#### Youth in foster care

#### Video produced by AdoptUSKids

Cooperative agreement: US Children's Bureau,
Administration for Children and Families, & Department
of Health and Human Services
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iFBa9d<525M/



# Why Foster Care?

- Parents not providing care and protection
- · Child is in danger
- State steps in
- State Laws not until 1850's
- · Henry Berg founder of SPCA
- 9 yr old Mary Ellen Wilson

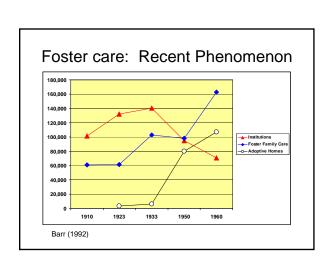


### **Evolution of Foster Care**

- Beginning = primarily institutional care
  - Many children in orphanages not orphans
- Early 20th century: Move toward families
  - Poor health in overcrowded orphanages
  - Orphan Train movement: NYC→West & Midwest

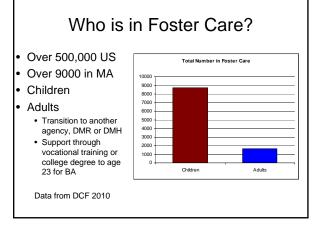


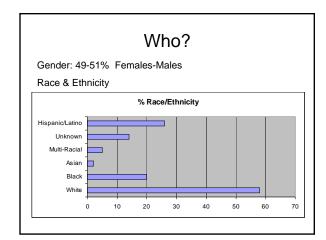


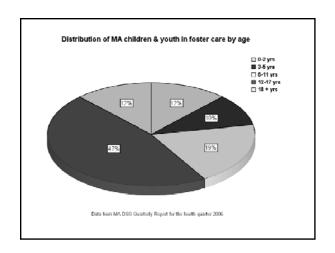


## How do you get to Foster Care?

- Foster Care is never the first choice
- · Necessary alternative
- · Caregiver not providing protection
  - Physical Abuse
  - Sexual Abuse
  - Neglect
- · Physical and psychological trauma
- Interference with developmental tasks







### What is Foster Care?

- · Temporary placement
- · Safety
- Provide Care and Protection
- Default goal: Family Reunification
- In most cases supervised family visits

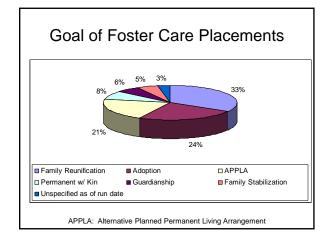
# First step: Safety



- 1. Establish safety
- 2. Remembrance
  - Reconstruct
  - Transform
- 3. Mourning
- 4. Reconnection
  - Self
  - Others

#### Goals of Foster Care

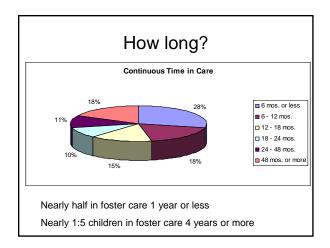
- Default Goal = Reunification
- Almost 40% rejoin original family
- About 25% adoption
  - · Requires termination of parental rights
  - "Frees" the child for adoption
  - · A process, not a hand-off
  - Legal finalization not until 6 mos post-placement
- About 20% APPLA
  - Alternative Planned Permanent Living Arrangement



## How long and how many?

#### On Average

- Length of stay: 15 mos
- Placement changes per stay: 3



## Change not just home

Adults formerly in foster care school histories

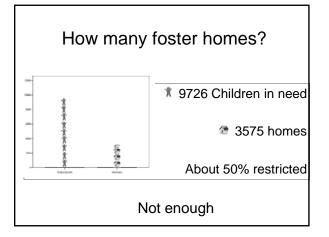
- 35% At least 5 elementary schools
- 65% At least 7 school changes K-12
- 74% Graduate HS or obtain GED

## **Developmental Context**

- Not just Foster Care alone
- · Why it was necessary
- Impacts every developmental domain
  - Personal-Social-Emotional
  - Cognition & Achievement
  - Confounding of Attachment & Loss
  - Emotion Regulation

### Foster care & age

- · Younger children
  - · More likely shorter stays
- · Older youth and young adults
  - · Adolescents likely to "age out"
  - Continued support through college or vocational school (age 23 for BA)
    - Varies by state



### Tough teen years

- Adolescents & Young Adults
  - 90% of those in Group Homes
  - 98% of those in Other facilities
- More than 3x as likely to be in group or other facility compared to younger children

# Youth who "Age Out"

- Employment
- Homelessness
- Incarceration or involvement with justice
- Pregnant earlier and unmarried

Who IS ready at 18?

#### But DON'T write them off

 Alanzo Mourning, Dan O'Brien, Ice T, Charlotte Ayanna, John Lennon



- FosterClub.com
- · Voices of youth

What do we know about these children/youth & how do we know it?

- · Media, popular press
- · What makes news?
- · Not "Child is doing fine"
- Abuse—Neglect—Removal— Upheaval—And you want me to be a poster child too??





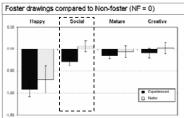




Study examine beliefs about children in foster care by asking participants to rate children's drawings

Important: Personal knowledge of someone connected to foster care

# Experienced v. Naïve



ALL: FC rated less happy than NFC (t (91) = -4.87; p < .05)

Experienced v. Naïve rated FC personal-social adjustment lower, i.e., less confident, likable, & cheerful, lower self image & self esteem, more depressed, having more school problems and difficult relationships (F(1,89) = 5.79; p < .05)

# Learning → Understanding

- Challenges for children
- · Challenges for the systems
- Understanding the challenges
  - → Impact
  - → Identify solutions

# Employment Outcomes for Youth Who Age out of Foster Care

Data from the Midwest Study Courtesy of Brian Lyght Annie E. Casey Foundation

#### Current employment?

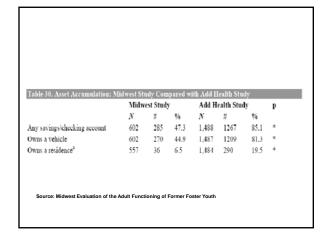
	Midw (N = 6	est Study 502)	Add He Study (N = 1,4	p	
	#	96	#	96	
ever held a job	570	94.7	1446	97.3	*
Ever worked since exiting foster care	508	84.4	-	-	
Surrently employed	289	48.0	1122	75.5	
Currently employed (non-incarcerated only)	289	51.9	1122	73.7	

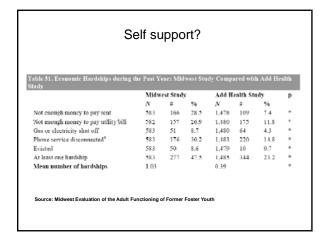
Source: Midwest Evaluation of the Adult Functioning of Former Foster Youth

#### Earnings?

	Midwest Study			Add Health Study <sup>b</sup>			p
	N	#	96	N	#	96	
Any income from employment during the past year	583	424	72.7	1,482	1,357	91.6	
Amount of income from employment (if any)3	425			1,291			
\$5,000 or less		163	38.4		281	21.8	
\$5,001 to \$10,000		74	17.4		142	11.0	
\$10, 001 to \$25,000		124	29.2		441	34.2	
\$25,001 to \$50,000		53	12.5		367	28.4	
More than \$50,000		4	0.9		60	4.6	
Missing		7	1.6		197	15.3	
Mean		\$12,064			\$20,349		
Standard Deviation		\$11,675			\$16,760		
Median	\$8,000			\$18,300			

Source: Midwest Evaluation of the Adult Functioning of Former Foster Youth





# **Employment Trajectories of Youth Who Age Out of Foster Care**

Coming of Age: Employment Outcomes for Youth Who Age Out of Foster Care Through Their Middle Twenties (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, 2008).

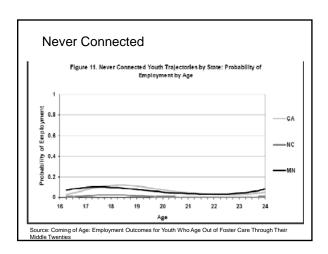
Methodology:

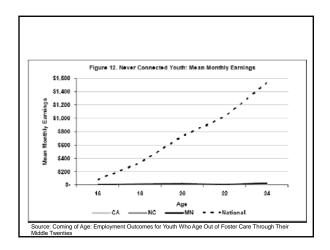
| Focus on youth who age out at age 18
| Presents employment outcomes six years after care
| Three states: California, Minnesota, North Carolina
| Data
| State Child Welfare Administrative Data
| Unemployment Insurance Wage Reporting Data
| Public Assistance Data
| National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997
| Comparison Groups: similar-age youth and low-income youth
| Findings:
| Low rates of employment persist through age 24
| Low earnings persist trough age 24
| Vouth who age out of foster care tend to follow one of four employment trajectories as they transition to adulthood:

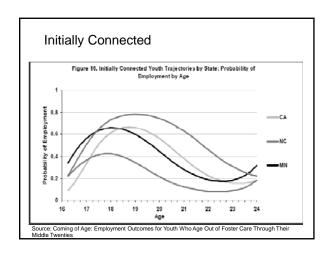
Employment Trajectories of Youth who Age out of Foster Care

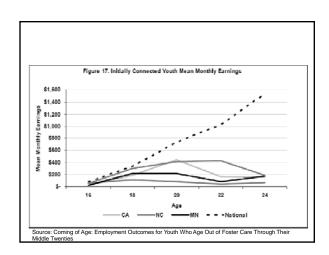
Never Connected Initially Connected Later Connected

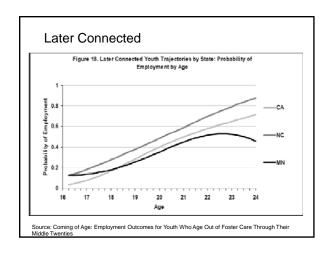
Consistently Connected

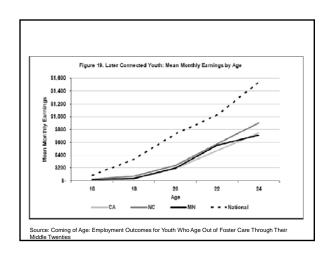


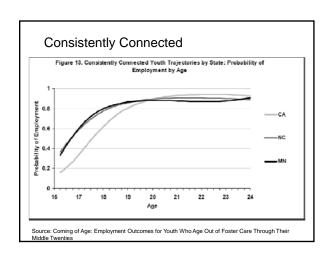


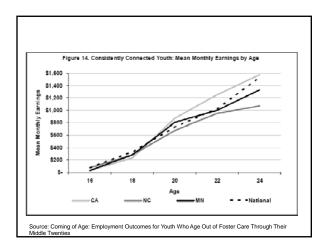












Best Employment Trajectory: Summary of Findings from DHHS Study

#### **Consistently Connected:**

- Maintain high probabilities of employment between 18 and 24
- Average earnings are comparable to youth nationally
- Begin connecting to the workforce prior to age 18

# Discussion