

Midterm Exam Solution

1. Since $RSS(\beta) = \sum (y_i - \beta x_i)^2$,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{d\beta} RSS(\beta) &= \frac{d}{d\beta} \sum (y_i - \beta x_i)^2 = -2 \sum (y_i - \beta x_i) x_i = 0 \\ \implies \sum x_i y_i - \beta \sum x_i^2 &= 0 \implies \sum x_i y_i = \beta \sum x_i^2 \\ \implies \hat{\beta} &= \frac{\sum x_i y_i}{\sum x_i^2} \end{aligned}$$

You may also solve this problem by using the formula $\hat{\beta} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y}$ with $\mathbf{X} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)'$ and $\mathbf{Y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)'$, so that

$$\hat{\beta} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y} = \left(\sum x_i^2\right)^{-1} \sum x_i y_i = \frac{\sum x_i y_i}{\sum x_i^2}$$

2. (a) Note that $n = 74$ and $p = 5$. We need

```
1> X<-matrix(c(rep(1,74),x1,x2,x3,x4,x5),ncol=6)
6> sigma2hat<-rss/(68)
```

so the answers are $6(= p + 1)$ and $68(= n - p - 1)$.

(b) We want

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pt(abs(tstat), 68, lower.tail=F)*2
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3. First, since $\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}) = \hat{\sigma}^2(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}$ (see also Problem 2), we compute

$$\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Then, we compute

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/6 \end{pmatrix}$$

from which we obtain (with $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 12$)

$$\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}) = \hat{\sigma}^2(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = 12 \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Now, $\text{se}(\hat{\beta}_0)$ is simply a square root of the $[1, 1]$ element of $\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta})$, which is $\sqrt{4} = 2$, so that we have

$$\text{se}(\hat{\beta}_0) = 2$$