MATH 522 – SPRING 2018 – TOPICS

1. Review

Complex numbers, sequences and series, uniform convergence, uniform continuity

2. Approximation theory and compactness

2.1. **Power series.** power series, radius of convergence, uniform convergence of power series, derivatives of power series, Abel's theorem, Leibniz formula, fundamental theorem of algebra

2.2. Fourier series. Fourier coefficients, Fourier series, orthonormal systems, Dirichlet kernel, Fejér kernel, Fejér's theorem, Riemann-Lebesgue lemma, Bessel's inequality, Parseval's theorem, approximation of unity, trigonometric polynomials

2.3. Weierstrass' theorem. Weierstrass' theorem, Bernstein polynomials

2.4. Compactness in metric spaces. Open cover, compact, Heine-Borel property, relatively compact, sequentially compact, Bolzano-Weierstrass property, bounded vs. totally bounded, characterization theorem of compactness in metric spaces

2.5. Compactness in C(K). Equicontinuity, uniform vs. pointwise boundedness, Arzelà-Ascoli theorem including the converse

2.6. Stone-Weierstrass theorem. Self-adjoint algebra, separating points, vanishing at no point

3. Linear operators and derivatives

3.1. Normed vector spaces. Normed vector space, Banach space, bounded/continuous linear maps, equivalent norms, norms on a finite dimensional space are equivalent, space of bounded linear operators, operator norm, dual spaces are Banach spaces, linear maps on finite dimensional spaces are bounded

3.2. Inequalities. L^p norms, Hölder's, Young's, Cauchy-Schwarz and Minkowski's inequalities in \mathbb{R}^n and for sequential ℓ^p spaces

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3.3. Differentiation. Total/Fréchet derivative in normed vector spaces, chain rule, directional derivatives, partial derivatives in \mathbb{R}^n , Jacobian, gradient, C^1 functions, partial differentiability vs. total differentiability

3.4. Contraction principle and ODEs. Contractions, Banach's fixed point theorem, Picard-Lindelöf theorem on existence and uniqueness

3.5. Multivariable calculus. Inverse function theorem, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives, Schwarz' theorem, multiindex notation, Taylor's theorem in \mathbb{R}^n , mean value theorem, Hessian matrix, local minima and maxima, critical point, second derivative test using Hessian matrix

3.6. Convex optimization. Linear regression, gradient descent, convex and strictly convex functions, characterization of convex functions using first- and second-order derivatives, critical points of convex functions, strong convexity, sublevel sets, existence of global minimum for strongly convex functions, convergence theorem for gradient descent