

Freshman Seminar

Ken Levasseur (Kenneth_Levasseur@uml.edu)

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A few examples from courses most math majors take.

Calculus I/IA/IB

Differentiate and plot a function.

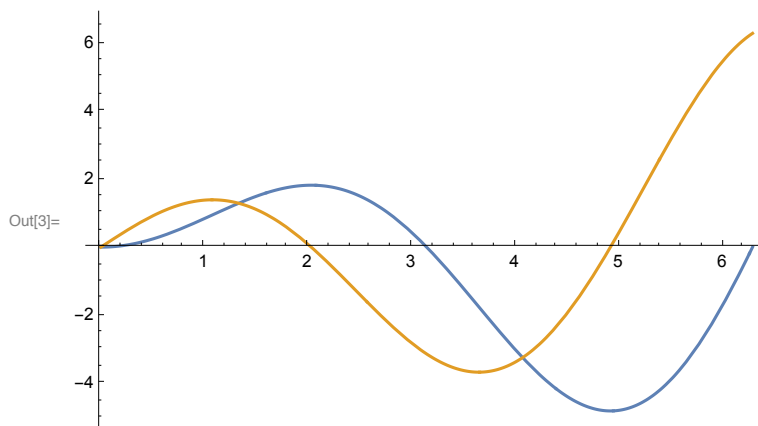
```
In[1]:= f = Function[x, x Sin[x]]
```

```
Out[1]=  $x \mapsto x \sin(x)$ 
```

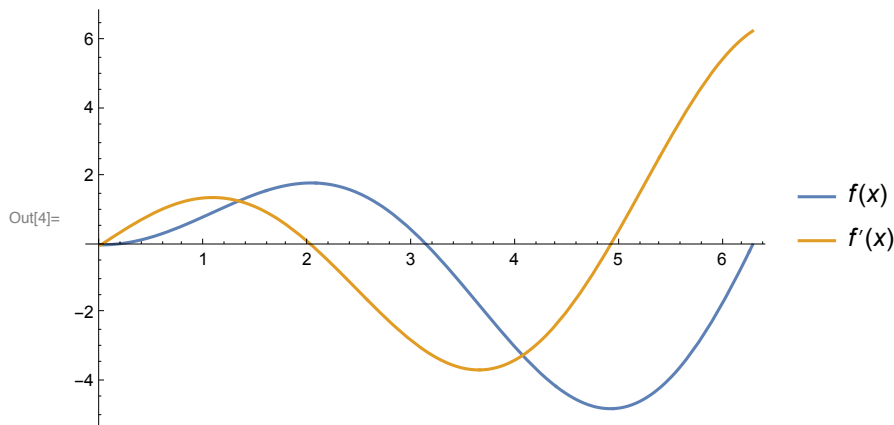
```
In[2]:= f'
```

```
Out[2]=  $x \mapsto \sin(x) + x \cos(x)$ 
```

```
In[3]:= Plot[{f[x], f'[x]}, {x, 0, 2 Pi}]
```



```
In[4]:= Plot[{f[x], f'[x]}, {x, 0, 2 π}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
```



Calculus II

Integrate an expression, indefinite and definite.

```
In[5]:= y = x ^ 2 E ^ (- x)
```

```
Out[5]= e-x x2
```

```
In[6]:= ∫ y dx
```

```
Out[6]= e-x (-x2 - 2 x - 2)
```

```
In[7]:= Integrate[y, {x, 0, 5}]
```

```
Out[7]= 2 -  $\frac{37}{e^5}$ 
```

Evaluate an infinite series.

```
In[8]:= Sum[(2 / 3) ^ n, {n, 0, ∞}]
```

```
Out[8]= 3
```

A Taylor series

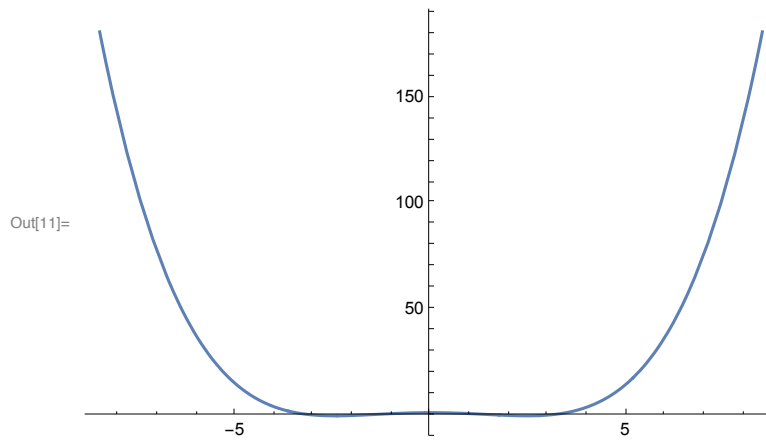
```
In[9]:= Series[Cos[x], {x, 0, 4}]
```

```
Out[9]= 1 -  $\frac{x^2}{2}$  +  $\frac{x^4}{24}$  + O(x5)
```

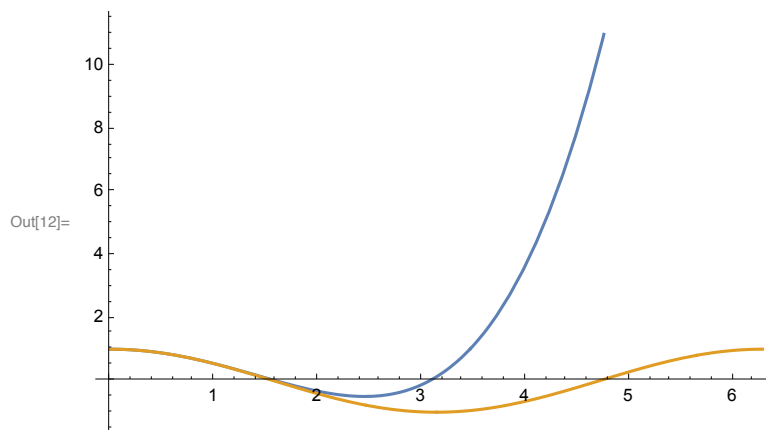
```
In[10]:= Normal[1 -  $\frac{x^2}{2}$  +  $\frac{x^4}{24}$  + O[x]5]
```

```
Out[10]=  $\frac{x^4}{24}$  -  $\frac{x^2}{2}$  + 1
```

```
In[11]:= Plot[1 -  $\frac{x^2}{2}$  +  $\frac{x^4}{24}$ , {x, -8.48528, 8.48528}]
```



```
In[12]:= Plot[{1 -  $\frac{x^2}{2}$  +  $\frac{x^4}{24}$ , Cos[x]}, {x, 0, 2 Pi}]
```



Calculus III

```
In[13]:= u = {4, -1, 1};  
v = {1, 1, 2};  
w = {2, -1, t};
```

```
In[16]:= u.v
```

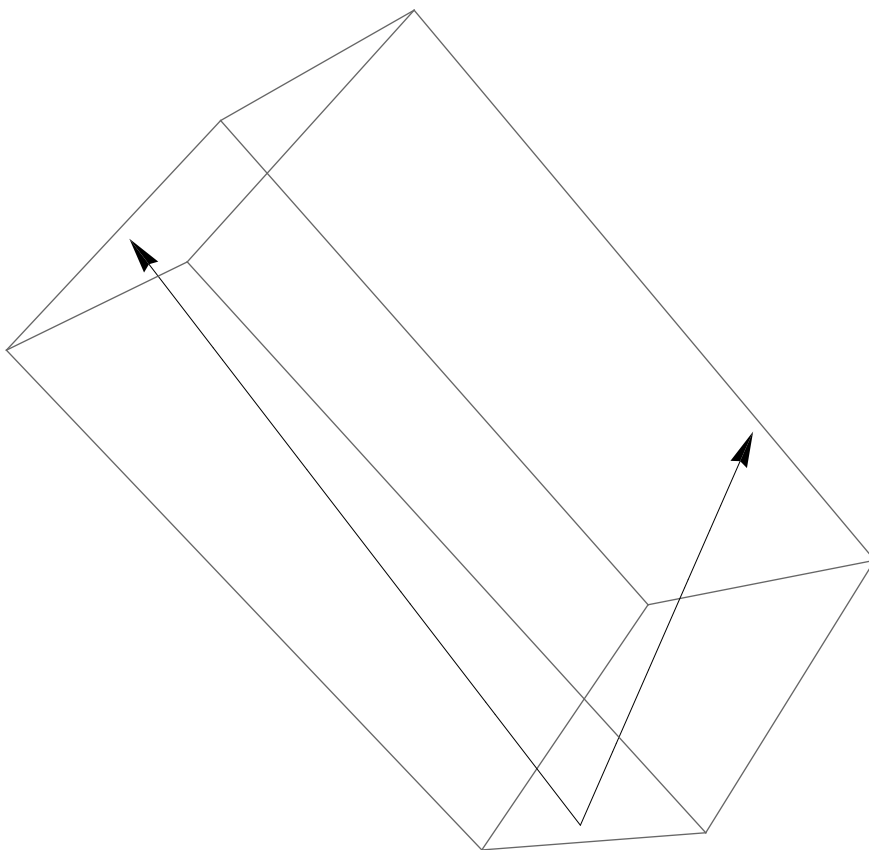
```
Out[16]= 5
```

```
In[18]:= Solve[u.w == 0, t]
```

```
Out[18]= {{t -> -9}}
```

```
Graphics3D[{Arrow[{{0, 0, 0}, u]}, Arrow[{{0, 0, 0}, v}]]]
```

Out[17]=

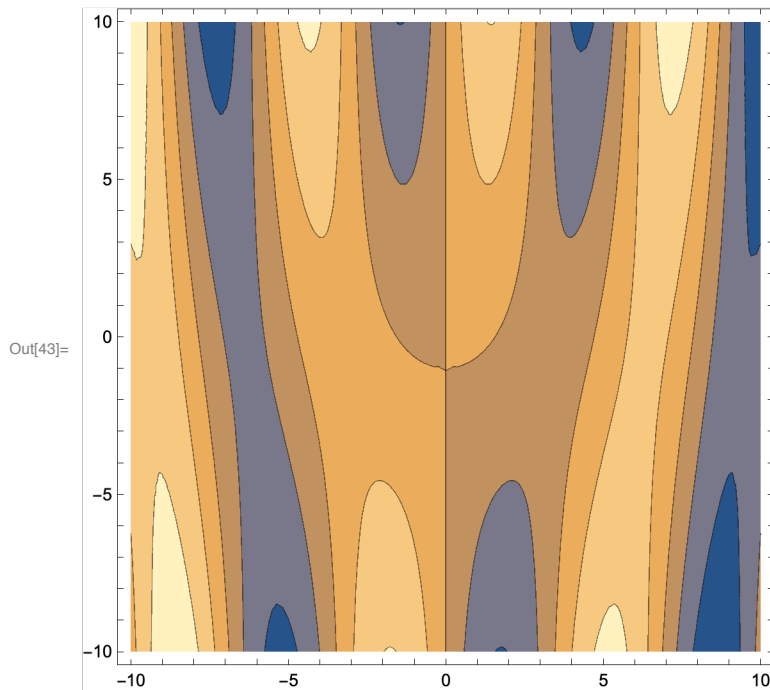


```
In[21]:= Clear[x, y]
```

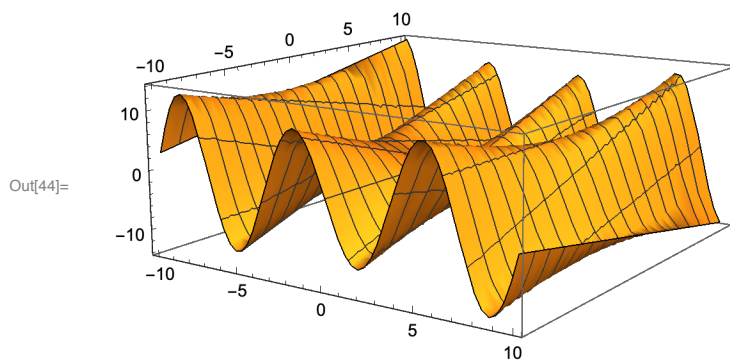
```
In[42]:= z = x Cos[x] + y Sin[x]
```

```
Out[42]= y sin(x) + x cos(x)
```

```
In[43]:= ContourPlot[z, {x, -10, 10}, {y, -10, 10}]
```



```
In[44]:= Plot3D[z, {x, -10, 10}, {y, -10, 10}]
```



Discrete Structures

Binary digits of a number

```
In[*]:= IntegerDigits[1234567, 2]
```

```
Out[*]:= {1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1}
```

The number of possible 5 card poker hands:

```
In[*]:= Binomial[52, 5]
```

```
Out[*]:= 2598960
```

A recursive definition

```
In[81]:= F[0] = 0; F[1] = 1;
         F[n_] := F[n] = F[n - 1] + F[n - 2]
```

```
In[86]:= Table[F[i], {i, 0, 10}]
```

```
Out[86]= {0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55}
```

Linear Algebra

Linear Equations

```
In[48]:= Clear[x, y, z]
```

```
In[49]:= Solve[{x + y + z == 4, x + 2 y - z == 5, x - y - z == 0}, {x, y, z}]
```

```
Out[49]= {{x -> 2, y -> 5/3, z -> 1/3}}
```

Matrix Equations

```
In[50]:= A =  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ 
```

```
Out[50]=  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ 
```

```
In[51]:= Solve[A . {x, y, z} == {3, 4, 5}, {x, y, z}]
```

```
Out[51]= {{x -> 3, y -> 3, z -> 2}}
```

```
In[52]:= Inverse[A]
```

```
Out[52]=  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{11}{18} & \frac{2}{9} & \frac{1}{18} \\ \frac{2}{9} & \frac{4}{9} & \frac{1}{9} \\ \frac{1}{18} & \frac{1}{9} & \frac{5}{18} \end{pmatrix}$ 
```

You can solve a matrix equation like the one above by multiplying both sides of the equation by the inverse matrix.

```
In[53]:= Inverse[A] . {3, 4, 5}
```

```
Out[53]= {3, 3, 2}
```

Differential Equations

```
In[54]:= Clear[x, t]
```

In[55]:= **DSolve**[x'[t] == -2 x[t] + t^2, x[t], t]

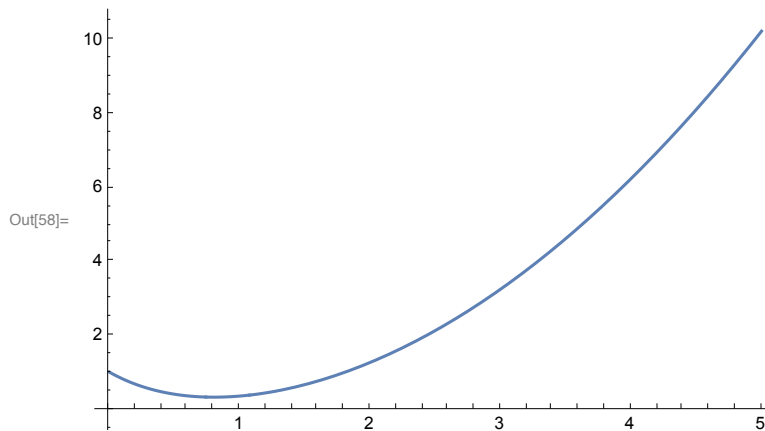
Out[55]= $\left\{\left\{x(t) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{4}(2t^2 - 2t + 1)\right\}\right\}$

In[56]:= **DSolve**[{x'[t] == -2 x[t] + t^2, x[0] == 1}, x[t], t]

Out[56]= $\left\{\left\{x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^{-2t} (2e^{2t} t^2 - 2e^{2t} t + e^{2t} + 3)\right\}\right\}$

In[57]:= **x**[t_] := $\frac{1}{4} e^{-2t} (3 + e^{2t} - 2e^{2t} t + 2e^{2t} t^2)$

In[58]:= **Plot**[x[t], {t, 0, 5}]



Probability & Statistics

Distribution of probabilities for the roll of a fair die:

In[59]:= **roll** = **DiscreteUniformDistribution**[{1, 6}]

Out[59]= **DiscreteUniformDistribution**[{1, 6}]

In[60]:= **RandomVariate**[roll]

Out[60]= 3

In[61]:= **PDF**[roll]

Out[61]= **Function**[x, $\left\{\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{6} & 1 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0 & \text{True} \end{array}\right.$, Listable]

In[72]:= **PDF**[roll][{1, 2, 3}]

Out[72]= $\left\{\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}\right\}$

In[62]:= **twodie** = **Total**[**RandomVariate**[roll, 2]]

Out[62]= 9

```
In[66]:= data = Table[Total[RandomVariate[roll, 2]], {1000}];
```

```
In[67]:= Mean[data] // N
```

```
Out[67]= 6.909
```

```
In[68]:= Histogram[data]
```

